



APPENDIX F

สำนักหอสมุด

Reagents for proteomics

1. Standard cell lysis buffer

The standard cell lysis buffer consisted of the following ingredients:

| Reagent | Quantity | Final concentration |
|---------------------|----------|---------------------|
| Tris (1M not pH'd) | 0.3 ml | 30 mM |
| Thiourea (MW 76.12) | 1.522 g | 2 M |
| Urea (MW 60.06) | 4.20 g | 7 M |
| CHAPS (MW 614.89) | 0.4 g | 4% (w/v) |
| IPG buffer 3–10 | 0.2 ml | 2% (v/v) |
| HCl (0.1 M) | | |

All reagents were mixed to dissolved before the pH was adjusted to pH 8.5 with the dilute HCl (0.1 M) the final volume then was made up to 100 ml with distilled water. The buffer was filtered through 0.45 μ m membrane filter and kept in small aliquots at -20°C , for up to 3 months.

2. Stock sample/rehydration buffer stock

The stock 2 \times Sample/rehydration buffer consisted of the following ingredients:

| Reagent | Quantity | Final concentration |
|---------------------|----------|---------------------|
| Urea (MW 60.06) | 10.5 g | 7 M |
| Thiourea (MW 76.12) | 3.8 g | 2 M |
| CHAPS (MW 614.89) | 1 g | 4% (w/v) |

The volume was made up to 25 ml with deionized distilled water. The buffer was filtered through 0.45 μ m membrane filter and kept in small aliquots (*e.g.* 2.5 ml) at -20°C , for up to 6 months.

3. Rehydration buffer

The rehydration buffer consisted of the following ingredients:

| Reagent | Quantity | Final concentration |
|---------------------------------|--------------|-----------------------|
| Stock sample/rehydration buffer | 2.5 ml | 7 M |
| IPG buffer TM | 12.5 μ l | 0.5% (v/v) |
| DTT (MW 154.2) | 7 mg | 0.28% (w/v) (0.018 M) |

The solution was freshly prepared before use.

4 Stock SDS equilibration buffer solution

The stock SDS Equilibration buffer solution consisted of the following ingredients:

| Reagent | Quantity | Final concentration |
|--------------------------------|----------|---------------------|
| Tris (1.0 M, pH 8.0) | 20 ml | 100 mM |
| Urea (MW 60.06) | 72.07 g | 6 M |
| Glycerol (87% [v/v], MW 92.09) | 69 ml | 30% (v/v) |
| SDS (MW 288.38) | 4 g | 2% (w/v) |

The volume was made up to 200 ml with deionized distilled water. This stock solution can be stored at 25°C. It is stable for 6 months.

4.1 Equilibration solution 1

The solution was prepared by dissolving 0.5 g of DTT in 100 ml of stock SDS equilibration buffer solution. The solution should be used freshly.

4.2 Equilibration solution 2

The solution was prepared by dissolving 0.5 g of IAA in stock SDS equilibration buffer solution. Solution should be used freshly.

5 Gel preparation and 2-D gels electrophoresis

5.1 1.5 M Tris, pH 8.8

Tris base (30.3) g was dissolved in 500 ml of deionized distilled water then the pH was adjust to 8.8 with 6 N HCl. The final volume was brought up to 1,000 ml with deionized distilled water and the pH was checked to pH 8.8. The solution was filtered through a 0.45 µm membrane and store at 4 °C. It is stable for 1 month.

5.2 Sodium dodecyl sulfate (10% SDS; w/v)

This solution was prepared by dissolving 10 g of SDS (Bio-Rad, Hercules, California, USA) in 100 ml of deionized distilled water.

5.3 Ammonium persulfate (10%; w/v)

This solution was prepared just before use by dissolving 1 g of ammonium persulfate (Bio-Rad, Hercules, California, USA) in 10 ml deionized distilled water.

5.4 Water saturated butanol

The solution was prepared by mixing 50 ml of butanol and 50 ml of deionized water. Once completely separated, the top layer was used to overlay gels. The solution is store at 25°C. It is stable for 6 months.

5.5 12.5% 2-D PAGE gel for SE260 MithySmall II™

Separating polyacrylamide gel (12.5%) was prepared by mixing the following ingredients together:

| Reagent | Quantity for 100 ml of a 12.5% gel |
|--------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Acrylamide/Bis 30% (w/v) | 41.66 ml |
| Tris (1.5 M, pH 8.8) | 25 ml |
| 10% (w/v) APS | 500 µl |
| 10% (v/v) TEMED | 50 µl |

The acrylamide/Bis solution and the Tris buffer were mixed and the final volume was adjusted to 100 ml with deionized distilled water. The reagents were gently mixed and degassed under a vacuum for at least 15 min. Prior to addition of APS and TEMED, the complete solution was filtered through a 0.2 µm filter into a clean bottle. The solution was allowed to warm to 25°C prior to addition of APS and TEMED and the gel was poured immediately.

5.6 Gel storage solution

The gel storage solution consisted of the following ingredients:

| Reagent | Amount |
|------------------------|--------|
| 1.5 M Tris-HCl, pH 8.8 | 50 ml |
| 10% SDS | 2 ml |

The final volume was adjusted to 200 ml with deionized distilled water

5.7 SDS electrophoresis running buffer

The buffer contained the following reagents:

| Reagent | Quantity | Final concentration |
|--------------------|----------|---------------------|
| Tris (MW 121.14) | 30.3 g | 25 mM |
| Glycine (MW 75.07) | 144 g | 192 mM |
| SDS (MW 288.38) | 10 g | 0.1% (w/v) |

The final volume was made up to 10 L with deionized distilled water. The buffer can be stored at 25°C. It is stable for 3 months.

5.8 0.5% (w/v) agarose overlay solution

| Reagent | Quantity | Final concentration |
|------------------------------------|----------|---------------------|
| SDS electrophoresis running buffer | 100 ml | – |
| Low melting point agarose | 0.5 g | 0.5% (w/v) |
| Bromophenol blue | 0.2 ml | 0.002% |

The components were mixed in a 250 ml conical flask and heated on a low setting in the microwave for 1 minute. Ensure all the agarose has melted. The solution was allowed to cool slightly before use. It can be stored at 25°C not for more than 1 month.

5.9 Colloidal Coomassie Brilliant Blue staining

5.9.1 Fixing solution

The solution was freshly prepared by mixing 10 ml of 85% *o*-phosphoric acid and 20 ml of methanol. The final volume was made to 100 ml with deionized distilled water.

5.9.2 Stock staining solution A

The solution was prepared by dissolving 4 g of ammonium sulfate in 20 ml of deionized distilled water then 0.95 ml of 85% *o*-phosphoric acid was added. The final volume was made to 40 ml with deionized distilled water.

5.9.3 Stock staining solution B

The solution was prepared by dissolving 0.5 g of Coomassie Brilliant Blue G-250 in 1 ml of deionized distilled water.

5.9.4 Staining solution, freshly prepared:

The solution was prepared by mixing 1 ml of stock staining solution B with 40 ml of stock staining solution A. Then 10 ml of methanol was added and mixed.

5.9.5 Neutralization solution

The solution was prepared by dissolving 6 g of Tris-base in 250 ml of deionized distilled water. The pH was adjusted to 6.5 with *o*-phosphoric acid and the final volume was brought up to 500 ml with deionized distilled water.

5.9.6 Washing solution

The solution was prepared by adding 125 ml of methanol in 375 ml of deionized distilled water.

5.9.7 Stabilizing solution

The solution was prepared by dissolving 100 g of ammonium sulfate in 250 ml of deionized distilled water. The final volume was brought up to 500 ml with deionized distilled water

5.10 Silver stain (Commercial kit: Amersham Biosciences, Sweden)

5.10.1 Fixing Solution

The solution was prepared by adding 100 ml of ethanol and 25 ml of acetic acid in 375 ml of deionized distilled water.

5.10.2 Sensitizing solution

The solution was prepared by dissolving 17 g of sodium acetate in 125 ml of deionized distilled water. Then, 75 ml of ethanol, 1.25 ml of glutardialdehyde (25% w/v) and 10 ml of sodium thiosulphate (5% w/v) were added. The volume was made up to 250 ml with deionized distilled water.

5.10.3 Silver solution

The solution was prepared by adding 25 ml of silver nitrate solution (2.5% w/v) and 0.1 ml of formaldehyde (37% w/v) in 125 ml deionized distilled water. The volume was made up to 250 ml with deionized distilled water.

5.10.4 Developing solution

The solution was prepared by dissolving 6.25 g of sodium carbonate in 125 ml of deionized distilled water then 0.05 ml of formaldehyde (37% w/v) was added. The volume was made up to 250 ml with deionized distilled water.

5.10.5 Stop solution

The solution was prepared by dissolving 3.65 g of EDTA- $\text{Na}_2 \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$ in 125 ml of deionized distilled water then volume was made up to 250 ml with deionized distilled water